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AGRI PICKS

A Daily Report on Agricultural Commodities

Monday, June 20, 2022

TODAY'S PICKS

SELL NCDEX JULY COCUDAKL BELOW 2770 TGT 2760/2730 SL 2810

The views/strategies expressed in this today's picks are Pre- Market Open views/strategies i.e., BUY/SELL posted in the today's Picks are purely based on technical analysis and recommended for intraday trading. Fundamental factors, sudden currency volatility and other data/news events that have a bearing on price movements were not considered while preparing this report.

AGRI BUZZ

- The area under cotton in northern parts of India, mainly in key producers Haryana and Punjab, is expected to decline in the 2022-23(Jul-Jun) season, according to back-of-the-envelope calculation based on government data from state farm departments.
- India is set to produce a record quantum of sugar this season, but the industry is assured prices will not be hit.
- The government is not considering a ban on export of wheat products in the immediate future because of their perishable nature, a senior government official told Informist. However, if there is a further surge in export of such products which impacts domestic availability and prices, then the issue can be revisited, the official said.

	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	JEERA - JUN22	Unjha
Rate	20980	21441.85
% chg	-0.8	-0.42
1 week low	20900	21398.45
1 week High	21335	21533.1
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	CHANA	Bikaner
Rate		4850.95
% chg		-0.74
1 week low		4810.35
1 week High		4892.6
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	SOYABEAN - JUN22	Indore
Rate	6778	6757.6
% chg	-0.16	-0.24
1 week low	6761	6723.7
1 week High	6808	6802
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	CASTOR SEED - JUN22	Deesa
Rate	7362	7545.7
% chg	0.44	-0.23
1 week low	7312	7545.7
1 week High	7474	7615.65
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	RUBBER - JUL22	Kottayam
Rate	18019	17500
% chg	4.05	0
1 week low		
1 week High		

	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	TURMERIC - JUN22	Nizamabad
Rate	7900	8276.55
% chg	-0.08	0.72
1 week low	7814	8104
1 week High	8068	8276.55
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	GUAR SEED10 - JUN22	Jodhpur
Rate	5549	5618.7
% chg	-0.16	-0.99
1 week low	5421	5618.7
1 week High	5700	5750.75
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	REFINED SOYA OIL - JUN22	Kandla
Rate	1446.9	1424.3
% chg	-0.94	-1.51
1 week low	1424.9	1424.3
1 week High	1481.1	1479.95
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	KAPAS - NOV22	Rajkot
Rate	1786	2343.7
% chg	0	-0.4
1 week low	1786	2343.7
1 week High	1786	2382.7
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	MAIZE - Feed/Industrial Grade	Gulabghat
Rate	2260	2200
% chg	1.48	0
1 week low	2170	2200
1 week High	2270	2225

	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	CORIANDER - JUN22	Kota
Rate	11328	11513.45
% chg	-0.37	-0.14
1 week low	11150	11366.25
1 week High	11414	11558.55
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	Guar Gum Refined Splits - JUN22	Jodhpur
Rate	10425	10612.6
% chg	-0.6	-1.28
1 week low	10311	10600
1 week High	10770	11007.65
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	RAPE MUSTARD SEEDS	Jaipur
Rate		7056.5
% chg		0.4
1 week low		6949.2
1 week High		7056.5
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	COTTON SEED OIL CAKE AKOLA - JUN22	AKOLA
Rate	2772	3044.3
% chg	-1.28	-0.37
1 week low	2764	3044.3
1 week High	2853	3070.4
	Futures	Spot
Contract/spot	BARLEY - JUN22	Jaipur
Rate	3152	3180.95
% chg	-1.38	0.98
1 week low	3152	3150
1 week High	3196	3193.7




SPICES COMPLEX

Market Buzz

- Spices traded steady to weak on NCDEX on Friday. Jeera futures stretched losses on rise in arrivals in the spot market. Turmeric futures pared losses to end the session marginally down, while coriander futures were seen varying in narrow ranges.
- The export of spices from India during Apr-Dec declined 7.5% on year to 1.2 mln tn, according to data from the Spices Board India. In terms of value, exports rose marginally to 230.7 bln rupees. Sluggish demand for chilli, jeera, turmeric, coriander and fenugreek weighed on exports.
- The exports of jeera during Apr-Dec declined 24.5% on year to 173,796 tn, from 230,120 tn a year ago.
- India exported 116,408 tn of turmeric in Apr-Dec, down 20.6% on year. Coriander exports were down 12.8% on year at 37,566 tn, data showed.
- Exports of small cardamom rose 68.3% on year to 7,337 tn. The huge rise was also seen in ginger exports, which rose 57.5% on year at 130,091 tn.
- Exports of chilli in Apr-Dec were down 7.6% on year at 435,725 tn, while mint product exports were at 21,386 tn, up 4.8% on year, according to the data.
- According to the second advance estimates by Gujarat state agriculture department, jeera production is seen declining to 236980 tons in 2021-22, down 41 per cent year on year. Area is seen at 289000 ha as against 473800 ha a year ago. Coriander production is seen declining as well to 211680 tons compared to 221240 tons in 2020-21.
- Government sees 2020-21 coriander output at 720000 tons compared to 701000 tons a year ago.
- Government sees 2020-21 turmeric output at 1.11 million tonnes compared to 1.15 million tons a year ago.
- Output of small cardamom is seen rising by 100% on year to 22520 tons according to the Spices Board.



TECHNICAL VIEW

JEERA NCDEX JUL	May vary inside 21600-20900 ranges.	
DHANIYA NCDEX JUL	May vary inside 11200-11540 ranges.	
TURMERIC NCDEX JUL	May trade sideways to weak unless 8070 is breached convincingly upside.	




COTTON COMPLEX

Market Buzz

- The US Department of Agriculture has raised its estimate for global cotton production to 121.3 mln bales (1 US bale = 218 kg) for 2022-23 (Aug-Jul), from 121.1 mln bales projected a month ago. The increase in estimate is attributed to rise in production in Egypt and West Africa, the agency said in its World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates report for June. Global cotton consumption is seen lower at 121.5 mln bales in 2022-23, compared with 121.9 mln bales a month ago, due to fall in demand from Mexico, Bangladesh, and Vietnam. Global exports are estimated at 47.5 mln bales, as against 47.6 mln bales a month ago. The agency has maintained its 2022-23 global ending stocks estimate at 82.8 mln bales. For India, the agency has maintained its estimate for production and domestic consumption for 2022-23 at 27.5 mln bales and 25.5 mln bales, respectively. Exports for the coming season are seen at 4.0 mln bales. Cotton ending stock in India is seen at 7.5 mln bales for 2022-23, marginally lower from 7.6 mln bales projected a month ago. The average price for US upland cotton during 2022-23 season is seen at 95 cents per pound, up by 5 cents from the previous month.
- Global cotton production for 2022-23 (Aug-Jul) is seen at 26.13 mln tn, around 1% higher compared to ongoing season, the International Cotton Advisory Committee has said in a report. The increase in production is led by a 25% rise in Pakistan's cotton production. Cotton production in the US is estimated at 3.6 mln tn in the coming season, as against 3.8 mln tn in 2021-22. The fall in production is attributed to lower acreage and unfavourable weather. The National Weather Service in the US is currently reporting the West Texas area as being in the "exceptional drought" category, it said. Global cotton area in 2022-23 season is estimated to decline by 1% on year to 32.8 mln ha. Area under cotton in the US is seen declining by 11%, followed by 5% in Australia and 1% in Brazil. Elsewhere, India is once again the global leader in area followed by the US, China, Pakistan and Brazil. "The high price of fertilisers and the high cost of fuel is undoubtedly influencing planting decisions all over the globe. The committee sees global consumption a tad lower at 26.09 mln tn in 2022-23. Global production is currently projected to outpace consumption, putting downward pressure on prices and potentially stabilising the volatility in prices. However, the production surplus is marginal and could likely change as the season matures. If production falls significantly below consumption, prices are very likely to remain elevated and the volatility will continue.
- The committee sees global exports for the 2022-23 season at around 10.03 mln tn, as against 10.09 mln tn in 2021-22. Global ending stocks are estimated at 20.38 mln tn, slightly higher than 20.34 mln tn in 2021-22.
- India's cotton imports have gathered pace after the government exempted customs duty on the commodity on Apr 13. Indian traders and mills have bought 400,000-500,000 bales (1 bale = 170 kg) of cotton after the duty removal, trade officials said.
- India's cotton acreage in 2022-23 (Jul-Jun) is expected to rise 9% on year to 13.2 mln ha, as per the median of the estimates of 10 prominent players in the cotton value chain polled by Informist.
- Stakeholders in the textile industry have urged the government to extend duty-free cotton imports till Dec 31 to boost textile exports and help address the dearth of raw material in the market.
- The UK-based Cotton Outlook has revised upward its estimate for global cotton production in 2021-22 (Aug-Jul) by 15,000 tn to 25.54 mln tn, the agency said in a report. The revision has been made as production in African Franc zone is expected to be slightly higher. Cotton production in India, is seen at 5.5 mln tn. The production in China is seen at 5.8 mln tn, while the US is likely to produce 3.8 mln tn. The agency has raised its estimate for global consumption in 2021-22 by 25,000 tn to 25.8 mln tn due to rise in demand from Indonesia. Global cotton-ending stocks for the ongoing 2021-22 season are estimated at 229,000 tn.
- The Cotton Association of India has cut its production estimate for the 2021-22 (Oct-Sep) marketing season to 33.5 mln bales (1 bale = 170 kg), from 34.3 mln bales projected a month ago. The cut in estimate can be attributed to some crop loss because of excess rain in November in the key producing states that impacted quality of crop. Of the total crop, 26.3 mln bales had arrived in markets across India till March. Estimate for exports in the ongoing marketing year has been maintained at 4.5 mln bales. India shipped around 3.5 mln bales of cotton till March. The association has also maintained its estimate for domestic cotton consumption at 34.0 mln bales, and imports at 1.5 mln bales. The ending stock for the 2021-22 season has been estimated at 4.0 mln bales, as against 4.8 mln bales projected a month ago.
- The government has increased the maximum sale price of genetically modified Bollgard-II Bt cotton seed for 2022-23 (Apr-Mar) by 43 rupees to 810 rupees for a 450-gm packet, according to a notification.
- The new season for cotton which started on Oct 1, is expected to be good for farmers as the market price of the fibre is currently more than the minimum support price, due to firm demand and a rise in global prices.
- Sowing of cotton across the country has ended and farmers have sown the crop across 12 mln ha in the 2021-22 (Jul-Jun) kharif season, down 6% from a year ago, data from the farm ministry.
- India's cotton output in the 2021-22 (Oct-Sep) marketing year is seen at 36.2 mln bales (1 bale = 170 kg), as per the median of estimates of 13 prominent players in the cotton value chain polled by Informist.
- In the ongoing 2021-22 (Jul-Jun) season, cotton acreage across the country was 11.9 mln ha as on Thursday, down 5.8% from a year ago, data from the farm ministry showed.



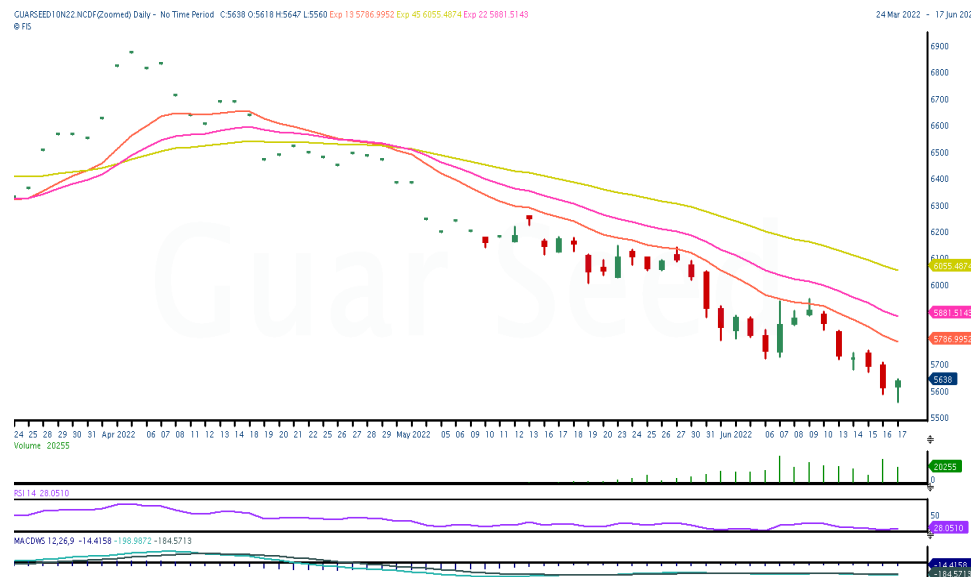
TECHNICAL VIEW

<p>KAPAS NCDEX APR23</p>	<p>Short covering rallies seems to be exhausted and unable to move above 1750 could drag the prices lower to 1720/1700 levels.</p>	
<p>COTTON MCX JUN</p>	<p>As long as prices stays above 46000 could push the prices further higher towards 47500/47800 levels.</p>	
<p>COCUDAKL NCDEX JUL</p>	<p>As prices broke the trendline support of 2800 could extend current selloffs towards 2760/2720 levels.</p>	

OTHERS

Market Buzz

- The government will purchase an additional 136,225 tn chana in Gujarat, a government official said. "The Centre on May 15 has given the nod to an additional quantity on the request of the Gujarat government as the state's 90-day procurement window is still open for 10-12 days," the official said. The government, through its nodal agency National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation of India, had started chana procurement in Gujarat on Mar 1 for the initially sanctioned quantity of around 400,000 tn. As many as 255,099 farmers across 117 centres of Gujarat have so far sold 502,164 tn chana to NAFED, the official said. The government has wrapped up the procurement drive under the price support scheme in states such as Karnataka, Telangana and Haryana, the official said. NAFED bought a total of 133,628 tn from 100,472 farmers across 282 centres of Karnataka, Telangana and Haryana. The government agency has so far purchased 1.8 mln tn chana from 881,071 farmers across 2,981 centres in all key producing states. This is almost 19% of the estimated production in the country for the 2021-22 (Jul-Jun) crop year. NAFED is procuring chana at the minimum support price of 5,230 rupees per 100 kg for the 2022-23 rabi marketing year to arrest the fall in price, and aims to buy a total of 3.1 mln tn until July.
- Recent report from U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) reveals that Chickpea area is likely to fall by 18 percent to 303,600 acres as growers are not less interest to sow Chickpea in a big way. However, small Chickpea area is estimated to increase from 2021 by 5 percent to 62,100 acres. Area under the large Chickpea in 2022 is estimated to be at 241,500 acres down by 22 percent from previous year.
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India has asked the National Commodity and Derivatives Exchange to not launch any new chana contracts on its platform till further notice, the market regulator said in a release on August 16, 2021.
- Short-covering moves were witnessed in guar complex on NCDEX on Friday. Both guarseed and guar gum July futures pared initial losses to end the session in green.
- India's guar export in Oct'21-Feb'22 is up by 28% to 1,25,921 MT as compared to 98,379 MT previous year same period. Russia bought 3,579 tonne (17.44%) of the total guar gum exports in Feb'22 as compared to 3,519 tonne (16.47%) previous months
- India's guar gum exports decreased in the month of February 2022 by 4% to 20,518 tonne compared to 21,373 tonne during previous month at an average FoB of US \$2,326 per tonne as compared to US \$2,171 per tonne previous month. However, the gum shipments were up by 14.53% in Feb'2022 compared to the same period last year. Of the total exported quantity, around 6,406 tonne (31.22%) bought by US, Russia bought 3,579 tonne (17.44%), Germany bought 2,356 tonne(11.48%), China bought 1,230 tonne (5.99%), and Canada bought 897 tonne(4.37%). Additionally, India's guar split exports increased in the month of Feb'2022 by 35.60% to 5,485 tonne compared to 4,045 tonne previous month at an average FoB of US \$ 1,815 per tonne compared to US \$ 1,780 per tonne previous month. However, the guar split shipments gone up by 85.03 % in Feb'22 compared to the same period last year. Of the total exported quantity, around 3,460 tonne (72.20%) bought by China, US bought 760 tonne (13.86%), Mexico bought 405 tonne(7.38%) and Switzerland bought (6.56%).
- Global production of natural rubber rose 13.6% on year to 941,000 tn in April, and demand is estimated to have increased 0.3% to 1.21 mln tn, the Association of Natural Rubber Producing Countries said in a monthly report. Despite market fundamentals remaining favorable, the industry was severely affected by external global events, the association said. The World Bank has revised downwards its projection for global economic growth to 3.2% for 2022 from 4.1%, due to Russia's invasion of Ukraine and lockdowns related to COVID-19 in China as they pose uncertainty and may slow down prospects for global economic recovery.



TECHNICAL VIEW

CASTOR NCDEX JUL	Current selloffs is more likely to continue towards 7400/7300 levels.	
GUARSEED NCDEX JUL	A voluminous rise above 5680 is required for short-covering to continue. Inability to clear the same may call for sideways to weak trades.	
GUARGUM NCDEX JUL	Pullbacks being witnessed may continue towards 10650-10750 ranges or even more. However, a direct fall below 10350 may intensify weakness.	
RUBBER MCX JUN	Choppy moves expected.	

OILSEED COMPLEX

Market Buzz

- India's vegetable oil imports in May fell 15% on year to 1.1 mln tn, The Solvent Extractors' Association of India said. The fall in imports was primarily due to supply constraints in the wake of the Russia-Ukraine geopolitical tension. However, the imports are likely to improve in the near term, with Indonesia lifting the export ban on palm oil from May 23. During Nov-May, imports of vegetable oil were at 7.8 mln tn, as against 7.7 mln tn a year ago. The vegetable oil basket consists of edible and non-edible oils. Edible oil imports were at 1.0 mln tn in May, against 1.2 mln tn a year ago. However, for Nov-May, these imports were at 7.55 mln tn, as against 7.48 mln tn in the year-ago period. In May, about 409,027 tn of crude palm oil was imported, against 755,633 tn during the same month last year. As of Jun 1, about 484,000 tn of edible oil was at ports, against 570,000 tn a year ago, while 1.8 mln tn was in the pipeline, against 1.4 mln tn during the same period last year.
- The US Department of Agriculture in its June report has projected global oilseed output for 2022-23 (May-Apr) to fall marginally to 646.8 mln tn from 647.2 mln tn estimated the previous month. The agency attributed the fall in output to projection of lower sunflower seed crop in Ukraine. However, soybean production estimate has been raised for Ukraine based on reports of progress of planting, while mustard seed output has been raised for Australia on the back of higher harvested area, both of which cushioned a sharp fall in global production outlook. The agency has projected global soybean output to rise by 680,000 tn to 395.4 mln tn. Brazil's 2022-23 soybean crop is estimated at a record 149 mln tn, and Argentina's crop is seen at 51 mln tn, unchanged from the May estimates. The agency has scaled up its estimate for global ending stocks for 2022-23 to 100.5 mln tn, up from 99.6 mln tn estimated in May. Estimate for global soyoil production for 2022-23 has also been revised upwards to 61.5 mln tn from 61.4 mln tn projected in the previous month.
- The department projected global soymeal output for 2022-23 at 256.9 mln tn, up from 256.5 mln tn last month. The estimate for global exports of soymeal in 2022-23 is higher at 70.1 mln tn, compared with 69.8 mln tn projected in May, it said. Soymeal is a derivative of soybean, manufactured by crushing the oilseed, and is mainly used in producing poultry feed.
- India's soymeal exports in May fell 13% on year to 40,000 tn, the Soybean Processors Association of India. For Oct-May, soymeal exports plunged to 550,000 tn from 1.79 mln tn in the year-ago period. In May, production of soymeal rose to 559,000 tn from 479,000 tn a year ago, while the output for Oct-May was at 4.23 mln tn, down from 5.99 mln tn in the year-ago period. Soybean arrivals in spot markets totalled 400,000 tn in May, up from 225,000 tn a year ago. However, for Oct-May, arrivals declined to 7 mln tn from 7.98 mln tn in the year-ago period. By the end of May, mills, traders, and farmers were left with around 6.2 mln tn of soybean stock. Crushing is now expected to be at 8 mln tn, against the previous estimate of 8.8 mln tn, while local meal consumption is projected at 5.4 mln tn, down from 5.6 mln tn earlier. Import of soymeal is projected at 700,000 tn, up from the earlier estimate of 400,000 tn.
- The government has allowed import of 2 mln tn of crude soyoil and crude sunflower oil per year each at nil duty under the tariff rate quota, the finance ministry said in a release. Imports made against the tariff rate quota will be effective from Wednesday till Mar 31, 2024.
- India's oilmeal exports fell 25% on year to 242,043 tn in March, according to data released by The Solvent Extractors' Association of India For 2021-22 (Apr-Mar), exports of oilmeal were down 36% on year at 2.4 mln tn. The fall in oilmeal exports was mainly attributed to decline in export of soybean meal. Soymeal exports plunged to 372,740 tn during 2021-22 from 1.6 mln tn in the year-ago period. "Crushing of soybean is low as farmers are holding stock in anticipation of higher prices as seen by them in last year.", Lower crushing of soybean also led to higher imports of crude soybean oil. Mustard meal exports in 2021-22 fell 22.2% on year to 866,407 tn, and exports of castor meal were down 8.9% at 382,424 tn.
- The Centre has extended stockholding limits on edible oils and oilseeds by six months till Dec 31 in a bid to check hoarding and check prices of the commodities in domestic markets, a government release said. In February, the Centre had imposed stockholding limits till Jun 30.
- India's mustard seed production in the crop year 2021-22 (Jul-Jun) is seen 29% higher at an all-time high of 10.95 mln tn, the Central Organisation for Oil Industry & Trade said in a release. In the previous year, mustard seed production was at 8.5 mln tn, according to the release. The area under has been pegged at 8.7 mln ha, and the average yield is estimated at 1.3 tn per ha.
- With the shortage of edible oil supply from imports due to the crisis in Ukraine, the Soybean Processors Association of India has recommended measures to augment the supply and cool down prices. The agency estimates a shortfall of edible oil supply from imports due to the war of approximately 200,000 tn a month of sunflower oil, it said in a note.
- The National Commodity & Derivatives Exchange will launch future contracts in refined castor oil on Mar 21, the bourse said in a circular. According to the contract specification the commodity will have trading unit of 2 tn, with the maximum order size of 200 tn. The contract will be settled in cash. The open interest threshold level to attract concentration margin in the commodity will be 17,900 tn.
- The government cut agriculture cess on crude palm oil and extended the lower customs duty on edible oils by six months till Sep 30 to cool domestic prices. The government cut Agriculture Infrastructure and Development Cess on crude palm oil to 5.0% from 7.5%, a finance ministry notification said. The Centre had in October slashed import duty on key edible oils till Mar 31. This has now been extended till Sep 30, the notification said.
- Farmers have sown mustard across 9.16 mln ha in the country, up 25.3% on year, in the ongoing 2021-22 (Jul-Jun) rabi season as of Friday, according to the farm ministry's data. The government fixed the minimum support price of the crop at 5,050 rupees per 100 kg for the 2022-23 (Apr-Mar) marketing season, as against 4,650 rupees in the previous year.
- The Solvent Extractors' Association has urged the Centre and the Securities and Exchange Board of India to resume futures trade in mustard seed on the National Commodity and Derivatives Exchange.
- The Solvent Extractors' Association has urged the government to exempt soyoil from genetically-modified labelling requirement as it may lead to a rise in prices, it said in a letter. Last year, according to reports, the Centre had asked states to enforce separate labelling for genetically-modified soyoil to help consumers make informed decision.
- The Centre has included soymeal under the Essential Commodities Act with immediate effect till Jun 30 to regulate production, stocking, and distribution of the commodity.
- The government has reduced the basic import duty on refined, bleached, and deodorised palm oil, to cool domestic prices, the finance ministry said in a notification. The new duty rates will be in place till Mar 31, the ministry said. The effective basic import duty on refined, bleached, and deodorised palm oil has been reduced to 12.5% from 17.5% earlier. With the new duty cut, the duty difference between crude palm oil, which is a raw material, and refined, bleached, and deodorised palm oil, which is the finished product, has reduced to 5.5% from 11.0% earlier.
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India asked exchanges not to launch new contracts of some farm commodities, including those of soybean and its derivatives, and crude palm oil. The restrictions come into effect immediately and shall be applicable for one year.
- The Central Organisation for Oil Industry and Trade has estimated India's mustard output in the 2021-22 (Jul-Jun) rabi season at 10-11 mln tn because of increase in acreage, it said in a release. In 2020-21 the country produced around 8.5 mln tn of mustard, which is a crucial oilseed sown in the rabi season during Sep-Oct and harvested from February.
- India's soybean acreage in the 2021-22 (Jul-Jun) kharif season remained unchanged at 12.2 mln ha, agri ministry.
- India's castor seed production estimate for 2021-22 (Jul-Jun) has been revised down to 1.69 mln tn from 1.75 mln tn estimated in April, according to a survey conducted by the Solvent Extractors' Association through a private agency.
- Malaysia's crude palm oil output declined marginally on month to 1.5 mln tn in May, according to data from the Malaysian Palm Oil Board. Exports of palm oil in May rose 26.7% on month to 1.4 mln tn, while outbound shipments of biodiesel rose sharply by 98% on month to 46,345 tn. The total palm oil stocks in the country were down 7.4% on month to 1.5 mln tn as of May 31.
- Malaysia's palm oil exports during the June 1-10 period are estimated down by 3.4% on month at 363,732 metric tons, cargo surveyor AmSpec Agri Malaysia said.
- Acreage under oil palm in north-eastern states is likely to increase by 50-60% by 2025 depending on the availability of seedlings, a farm ministry source said.

TECHNICAL LEVELS

Commodity	Contract	Open*	High*	Low*	Close*	S3	S2	S1	Pivot	R1	R2	R3
SPICES												
Jeera	JulyNCDEX	21210	21280	21000	21070	20673	20837	20953	21117	21233	21397	21513
Turmeric	JulyNCDEX	7874	7958	7814	7866	7657	7735	7801	7879	7945	8023	8089
Dhaniya	JulyNCDEX	11404	11488	11382	11420	11266	11324	11372	11430	11478	11536	11584
Menthaoil	JuneMCX	1056.0	1056.0	1033.3	1038.1	1006	1020	1029	1042	1052	1065	1074
PULSES												
Guarseed	JulyNCDEX	5618	5647	5560	5638	5496	5528	5583	5615	5670	5702	5757
Guargum	JulyNCDEX	10500	10623	10411	10588	10246	10329	10458	10541	10670	10753	10882
OIL & OIL SEEDS												
Castor seed	JulyNCDEX	7428	7428	7380	7414	7339	7380	7387	7407	7435	7455	7483
CEREALS												
Barley	JulyNCDEX	3196	3196	3196	3196	3196	3196	3196	3196	3196	3196	3196
OTHERS												
Cocud^	JulyNCDEX	2810	2822	2766	2788	2706	2736	2762	2792	2818	2848	2874
Kapas	Apr23 NCDEX	1732.0	1738.5	1717.0	1734.5	1700	1709	1722	1730	1743	1752	1765
Cotton	JuneMCX	47100	47480	46840	47260	46267	46553	46907	47193	47547	47833	48187
Rubber	JulyMCX	17550	17550	17550	17550	17550	17550	17550	17550	17550	17550	17550

Pivot Point: A predictive indicator of the market which is calculated as an average of significant prices from the performance of a market in the prior trading period. An open above the pivot point is generally considered bullish and vice versa.
 S1, S2 & S3 are supports and R1, R2, and R3 are resistances from where a turnaround can be anticipated.
 *Open, High, Low and Close prices of previous trading day / ^Cottonseed Oil Cake



Strong bias or bullish



Choppy with positive note



Choppy or Sideways

Weak bias or bearish



Mild bearish bias



Choppy with negative note



Mild bullish bias



TRADING SIGNALS

Commodities	Intraday	Overall	Volatility		Short term		Medium term		Long term	
	View	View	1 day	Annualised	3 day EMA	5 day EMA	13 day EMA	22 day EMA	45 day EMA	60 day EMA
Pepper July ICEX	POSITIVE	HIGHLY POSITIVE	0.72%	11.5%	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE
Jeera July NCDEX	NEGATIVE	HIGHLY NEGATIVE	0.92%	14.6%	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Turmeric July NCDEX	NEGATIVE	HIGHLY NEGATIVE	0.99%	15.7%	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Dhaniya July NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	FLAT/CHOPPY	1.03%	16.3%	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Guarseed10 July NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	NEGATIVE	0.95%	15.1%	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Guargum July NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	NEGATIVE	1.36%	21.6%	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Castor July NCDEX	NEGATIVE	HIGHLY NEGATIVE	0.94%	14.9%	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Kapas23 Apr NCDEX	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	0.95%	15.1%	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	#N/A
Cotton June MCX	POSITIVE	HIGHLY POSITIVE	1.33%	21.1%	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE
Cocudakl July NCDEX	NEGATIVE	HIGHLY NEGATIVE	1.14%	18.1%	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Barley July NCDEX	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	0.65%	10.3%	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE
Menthaoil June MCX	NEGATIVE	HIGHLY NEGATIVE	1.28%	20.3%	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Rubber June MCX	FLAT/CHOPPY	POSITIVE	0.48%	7.6%	FLAT	FLAT	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE

Trading signals is prepared based on statistical analysis and is purely on technical indicators like exponential moving averages (EMAs), Relative strength Index (RSI) and stochastic, putting altogether provides an idea about intraday, short, medium and long term trend of the commodities. It also signals the risk of an investment in both agricultural and global commodities as well. Based on all listed indicators above, investors were able to fix a daily, near-term and long term trends. However, must be cautious especially for real-time intraday traders/jobbers.

Trading Strategy based on EMA

Trading strategies mentioned in the report is mainly based on 3, 5, 13, 22, 45 & 60 days exponential Moving Averages. 3 and 5 day EMA has taken for developing Intraday trading strategy, 13 days and 22 days EMA for Short term and Medium term, while 45,60 days EMA for Long term. Here, we use EMAs for POSITIVE and NEGATIVE signals. POSITIVE signal is formed when a short-term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from below a longer-term average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bullish. Likewise, NEGATIVE signal is formed when a short-term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from above a longer-term moving average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bearish.

Intraday and Overall view The section is consist of both Intraday and Overall view. The Intraday view is calculated by netting out of POSITIVES/NEGATIVES/FLAT signals formed in the short term trend. On the another part, Overall view is calculated by netting out number of POSITIVES/NEGATIVES/FLAT signals formed in the short, Medium and long term trend.

Volatility is a measure for dispersion of price of a financial instrument over a period of time by using Standard deviation and annualised actual volatility. Standard deviation is used to calculate one day volatility. Whereas, Annualized Actual Volatility (AAV) is measured as annualized standard deviation of the continuously compounded daily returns of the asset. Generally the thumb rule is that, higher the volatility higher the risk of the asset. See the table below the range risk ratings.

Annualised Volatility >	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings
> 35%	> 35%	Very High risk	27 to 34%	High risk	20 to 26%	Moderate risk	11 to 19%	Low risk	1 to 10%	Very Low risk

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